When should the preparation not be used?
In women who are not ovulating due to very high gonadotrophin levels, which are involved in regulation of ovarian function. Pregnancy is not possible, e.g.: earlier menopause than normal, and induction of ovulation in cases where OHSS syndrome may occur, but this will only happen if treatment includes administration of hCG (see "Warnings" section).

Treatments:
This treatment should not be used under medical supervision. This treatment can increase the risk of developing a phenomenon called ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome (OHSS) (see "Side effects" section). However, when ovulation does not occur despite adequate stimulation, the treatment is recommended treatment, occurrence of this phenomenon is not common (fewer than 1 case in 100 patients). Pergoveris treatment options gives rise to significant DHEs unless the treatment is used to induce final follicular maturation in combination with human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG). It is important to administer an hCG for follicular maturation and accordingly that the correct dose is correct (see "Side effects" section). In very rare cases (likely to occur in fewer than 1 patient in 1000 patients), ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome may occur, but this will only happen if treatment includes administration of hCG (see "Warnings" section).

Directions for use:
Use this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Do not take this medicine unless you have been given it by your doctor or pharmacist. This medicine is intended for subcutaneous injection.

Each vial is intended for single use only. When the first desired response has been obtained, and treatment with Pergoveris is finished, a further cycle of Pergoveris is recommended to have sexual intercourse on the day of, and the day following the injection of hCG. Alternatively, intrauterine insemination (IUI) may be performed. If an excessive response occurs (or signs of ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome are evident), treatment should be stopped and with withdrawal reflect to the doctor for immediate help. For the next treatment, your doctor will prescribe a reduced dose.

Avoid poisoning!
This medicine has been prescribed for the treatment of infertility; in another patient it may cause harm. Do not give this medicine to your child or anybody else. Do not use this medicine if you have already avoided you where to inject (see, e.g., front of thigh). Avoid the injection site; discard the syringe, needle and vials, even if they contain medication in the sharps container, and discard according to the instructions of the Office for Environmental Quality. Manufacture: Merck Serono S.A., Oermer, Switzerland. License number: 145-057-3359-00. Instructions for injection
Read the instructions carefully.

Preparing the solution for injection:
Remove the protective cap from the needle. Remove the reconstruction needle to the spring and draw up air into the syringe by pulling the plunger back to the 1 ml mark. Insert the needle into the solvent vial, push the plunger to expel the air. Clear the vial up downward and draw up all the solution. Set the syringe down carefully on a flat surface taking care not to touch the needle. Prepare the injection: Pergoveris can be given as a single injection or in combination with hCG therapy. Do not inject this vial or combination with any other medicines. Do not inject it into a vein. Inject the solution slowly and with a constant rate of 0.4 cm3 per minute for as long as you need to slowly inject all the solution. When you have finished, immediately withdraw the needle and syringe. Use the needle and syringe as indicated in the chapter on "Avoid poisoning!".